

Eleventh Test Review Review -State and local government (chapters 20 and 21)

A _____ area is an area with low population density where people live in small towns, on farms, or on ranches.

All state legislators are required to live in the district they represent and be _____.

An important difference between federal and state budgets is the source of government _____. Approximately _____ of all property taxes are given to public schools. Building college dormitories, hospitals, and prisons are all reasons for states to _____. Cities and towns are required to obey the laws of the _____ that they are iCity council members, who usually serve four-year terms, are elected in _____ elections. Every state in the United States is divided into _____.

_____ bonds rely on local government's taxing authority for repayment; generally used to fund long-term projects.

In general, bonds are considered to be _____ investments.

In most states, governors must be at least _____ years old.

In the _____ form of municipal government, each commissioner heads a city administrative department.

In the majority of states, members of the House serve _____ terms.

In the _____, the Civil War forced government officials to rewrite state constitutions.

Initiating legislation, setting agendas for their states, and preparing budgets are among the various responsibilities of state _____. Initiatives and referenda are decided by the direct votes of _____, not by votes of legislators. John Locke influenced the constitutions of the original_____.

Lotteries and gambling are used by many states to raise funds without raising _____.

Malls, houses, and factories are subject to _____ taxes.

Many people think that the government should not sponsor and encourage _____, whether it is through the purchase of a lottery ticket or involves visiting a casino. Many states exclude some basic goods from _____ tax, such as food and prescription drugs.

Metropolitan areas are urban areas that consist of a central city of _____ or more people, its suburbs, and surrounding counties.

Most states' trial courts are organized at the _____ level.

Most suburban residents not want a metropolitan government because are afraid that they will have to pay city _____.

_____ government is the most visible form of local government unit.

_____ are incorporated villages, towns, and cities that have a state charter.

People who lived in early New England were governed by town _____.

_____ taxes generally are based on current property values.

Public _____ has been one important beneficiary of funds from state lottery revenues.

_____ bonds are paid off from funds collected for tolls and user charges.

_____ districts are the most familiar form of special districts.

_____ areas include a few more towns than rural areas.

Severance taxes, income taxes, and sales taxes are all sources of state _____.

Special districts are local government units that do a single service and are usually _____ of other local government units.

Special _____ taxes are applied to certain categories of services and goods, such as hotels.

Special sales taxes usually are paid by _____ to a state.

State _____ establish local governments.

State _____ reflect the influence of the places and times in which they were written.

_____ governments divide their power among executive, judicial, and legislative branches.

States borrow money by issuing _____.

Suburban growth currently is most rapid in the _____.

The "rainy day" funds that many states maintain are money set aside for hard times because states must _____ their budgets.

The commission system of city government that has no separate legislative and executive branches; an elected group holds both legislative and executive _____.

The earliest commuter _____ was Brooklyn Heights.

The Midwest and Middle Atlantic are areas of the country where counties are most likely to be divided into towns or _____.

The states maintain trial and _____ courts.

The three basic forms of municipal government are _____-council, council-_____, and _____.

There are _____ counties in the United States.

To encourage companies to locate their operations in a state, a state will attempt to keep their taxes _____.

_____ fees are fees charged for use of recreation centers, public utilities, and other public facilities.

When legislators or voters approve an initiative, it becomes _____.

With a few exceptions, the job of state legislator is a _____ job.